

For Edexcel

GCSE Mathematics

Unit 3 – Section A – (Non-Calculator)

Higher Tier

Paper A

Marking Guide

Method marks (M) are awarded for knowing and using a correct method.

Accuracy marks (A) are awarded for correct answers, having used a correct method.

(B) marks are independent of method marks.



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Higher Tier Unit 3 Paper A Marking Guide

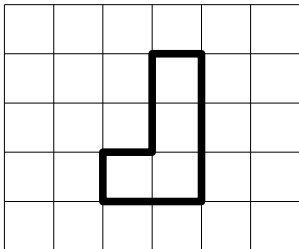
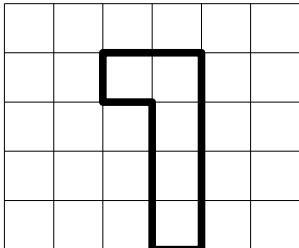
Section A

1. (a) $= 2 \times 320 = 640 \text{ g}$ M1 A1
 (b) $= \frac{4}{6} \times 30 = 20 \text{ g}$ M1 A1 Total 4
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2. (a) $= \frac{15}{100} = 0.15$ M1 A1
 (b) $63 \div 9 = 7$ M1
 $4 \times 7 = 28$ A1 Total 4
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3. $4p + 9 = -3$ M1
 $4p = -12$ M1
 $p = -3$ A1 Total 3
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4. B3
- | | | | | | | |
|----------|---------------------|------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|-------------|
| πab | $\frac{a^2 c^2}{d}$ | $2\pi b^3$ | $abc + d$ | $\frac{2d}{b^4}$ | $b(c^2 + d^2)$ | $c^3 + 2ab$ |
| | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ | |
- Total 3
-

5. (a)  B2
- (b)  B2
- Total 4
-

6. (a) $= (6 \times 3) + (5 \times -2) = 18 - 10 = 8$ M1 A1
 (b) $= a^2 - 16$ M1 A1 Total 4
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7. radius/side length $= 9 \div 3 = 3$ B1
 area of 2 squares $= 2 \times 3^2 = 18$ B1
 area of circle $= \pi \times 3^2 = 9\pi$ M1
 total area $= (18 + 9\pi) \text{ cm}^2$ A1 Total 4
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8.	$5 + 6 + 7 = 18$ $36 \div 18 = 2$ $6 \times 2 = 12$	M1 M1 A1	Total 3
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9.	<p>perpendicular bisector of AC arc, centre C, radius 5 cm accurate line and arc correct region shaded</p>	M1 M1 A1 A1	Total 4
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10.	$= \frac{21}{5} - \frac{5}{3}$ $= \frac{63}{15} - \frac{25}{15}$ $= \frac{38}{15} = 2\frac{8}{15}$	M1 M1 A1	Total 3
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11.	<p>(a) $x + x^2 + (3x - 2) = 30$ $x^2 + 4x - 2 = 30$ $x^2 + 4x - 32 = 0$</p> <p>(b) $(x + 8)(x - 4) = 0$ $x = -8$ (can't have age -8) or 4 when $x = 4$, ages are $4, 16$ and 10 \therefore oldest is 16 years</p>	M1 A1 M1 A1 A1	 Total 5
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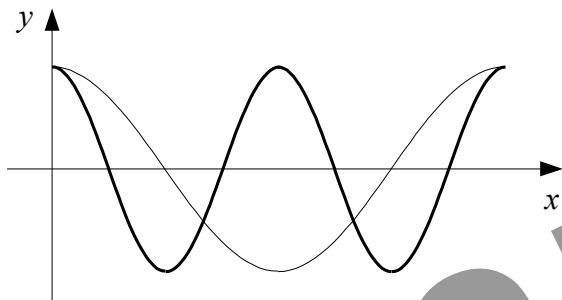
12.	<p>(a) B</p> <p>(b) D</p>	B1 B1	 Total 2
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13.	$\sqrt{27} = \sqrt{9 \times 3} = 3\sqrt{3}$ $\sqrt{12} = \sqrt{4 \times 3} = 2\sqrt{3}$ $\sqrt{27} + 5\sqrt{12} = 3\sqrt{3} + 10\sqrt{3} = 13\sqrt{3}$	M1 M1 A1	 Total 3
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14.	$= (x - 4)^2 - 16 + 19$ $= (x - 4)^2 + 3$	M1 A1 A1	Total 3
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15. (a) (i) (90, 0) B1
(ii) (180, -1) B1

(b) B2



Total 4

16. (a) (approx) -1.45 or 2.45 B1

(b) $2x - 2x^2 = 1 \Leftrightarrow 7 + 2x - 2x^2 = 8$ M1
the curve does not intersect $y = 8 \therefore$ no solutions A1

Total 3

17. volume of cylinder = $\pi r^2 h$ B1

volume of cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi(2r)^2 H = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^2 H$ M1

$\pi r^2 h = 2 \times \frac{4}{3}\pi r^2 H$ M1

$h = \frac{8}{3}H \therefore H = \frac{3}{8}h$ A1

Total 4

TOTAL FOR SECTION: 60 MARKS